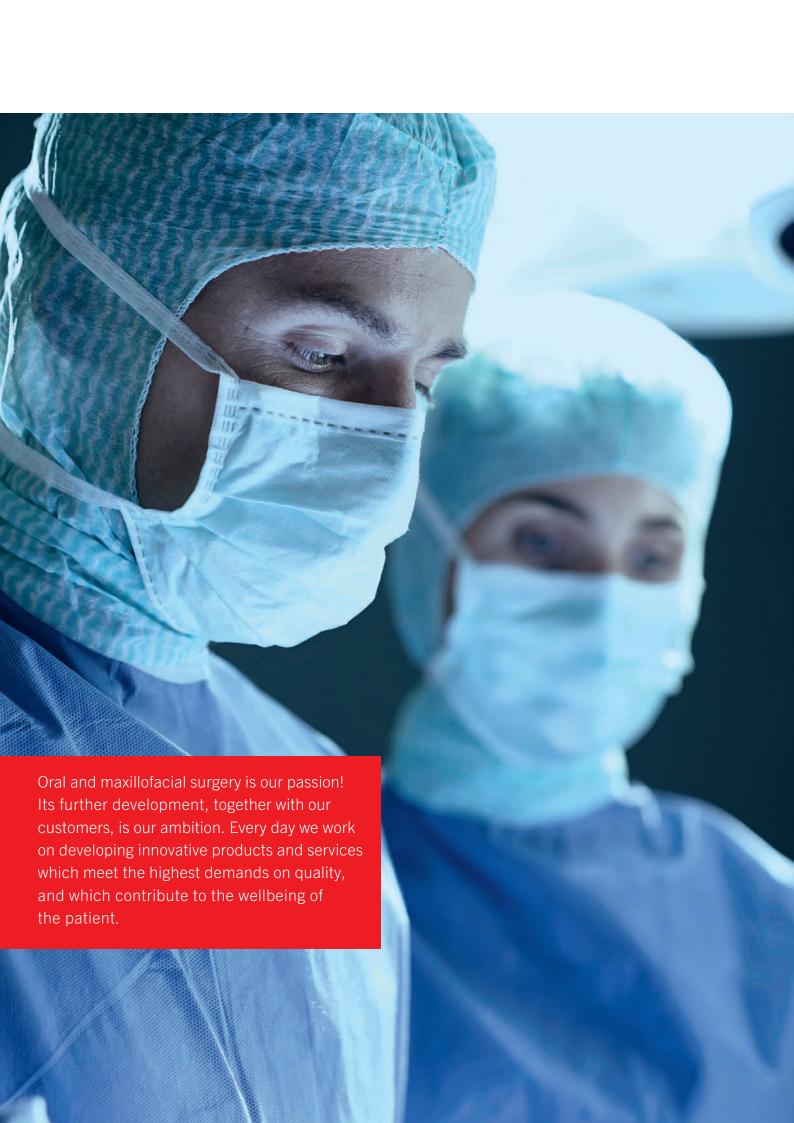


## Distraction

Sophisticated Solutions in CMF Surgery



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## Distraction in Cranio-Maxillofacial Surgery A genious way to make bones grow

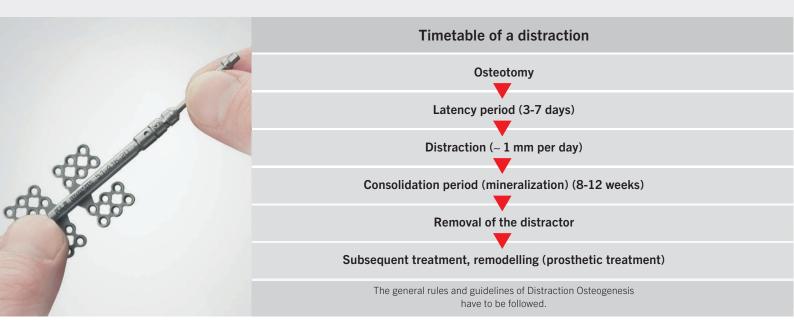
The insights regarding bone lengthening gained by the Russian surgeon Gavril Ilizarov in the 1950s are standard knowledge today and have made their way into clinical practice in many fields of cranio-maxillofacial surgery practice.

From its early beginnings, KLS Martin has closely monitored and stimulated latest tendencies in distraction techniques. It is not surprising that the company is considered a worldwide technology leader in designing and manufacturing clinically approved distraction devices providing the most complete product range for cranio-maxillofacial indications. Scientific evidence of their use has been shown in numerous publications quoting KLS Martin distractors as ideal tools for numerous surgeon's daily work and for patient's benefit.

Today as the indications are pretty much determined our ambition needs to go beyond: Smaller and flatter but simultaneously astonishingly rigid internal devices are there in order to improve patient comfort. New technical features as the anti-relapse ratchet or the remote-release activator help the clinicians to ensure clinical safety and to allow longer consolidation periods thus preventing symptoms of clinical relapse.

With the help of this overview brochure you will find all necessary information in a comprehensive and very condensed way.

## Product Features – maximum benefit



Distraction osteogenesis is based on the body's own ability to cause a fracture to heal and is described as the process of new bone formation between osteotomized bone segments that are gradually separated by incremental traction. Precisely, the process is initiated when distraction forces are applied to the callus formed between the two bone parts, and continues as long as these tissues are stretched; generally at a rate of 1 mm per day. The traction generates tension that stimulates new callus formation and in this way bone is lengthened continuously.

Distraction osteogenesis offers many advantages over conventional methods of treatment:

- No need for bone grafts.
- Minimal risk of infection because vital bone is distracted.
- Not only the bone but also the soft tissue is distracted, so that the new bone is permanently stabilized.
- The results of the distraction can be reproduced.
- Simple surgical procedure which does not essentially differ from standard osteosynthesis techniques used in CMF surgery.





Exposing of the bone to be distracted, if possible by intraoral approach with vestibular incision.



Adaptation of the distractor to the bone and the required distraction vector and marking of the position by pre-drilling of at least two screw holes on each side of the osteotomy line.



Removal of the distractor and osteotomy. It is recommended to separate the bone completely.

Final fixation of the distractor with monocortical screws and intraoperative function test of the distractor.

Closing of the wound and starting of the distraction after a latency period of 3 to 7 days.

## Alveolar Ridge Distraction

Based on Ilizarov's technique and the pioneering work of Hidding and Zöller, vertical distraction of the alveolar ridge by especially designed distraction devices has become a state-of-the-art method for the successful treatment of such bone defects. It is considered a highly valuable technique in cases of premature tooth loss due to periodontal disease or injury, as it significantly improves the basis for substance meaning more support and better fixation of dental implants. It also ensures better aesthetic results compared to most conventional augmentation techniques.

The TRACK distractor family is a proven system that provides a complete range of individual devices for the treatment of smaller partial defects of the maxillary and mandibular alveolar ridge up to the highly atrophic edentulous mandible with numerous clinical cases already treated all over the world. The distraction process naturally varies from patient to patient. As a rule, the entire distraction process — from insertion to removal of the device — can be completed within a period of 3-4 months.



# Vertical Alveolar Distraction TRACK Distractors



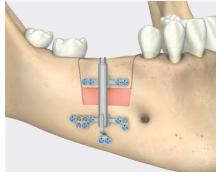
TRACK 1.0 1:1 scale



TRACK 1 Plus 5:1 scale



TRACK 1.0 with optional support plate 51-525-40-09



TRACK 1 Plus

### TRACK 1.0

Distractors	Item Number
Distraction length 15 mm	51-525-15-09
Distraction length/turn 0.3 mm	

Optional	
Support plate for TRACK 1.0, TRACK 1 Plus	51-525-40-09

Recommended screws
1.0 x 4 mm to 1.0 x 6 mm
Emergency: 1.2 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-525-85-07
Combination straight and angled	51-525-90-07
Micro	51-525-95-07

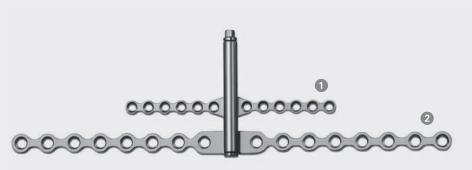
### **TRACK 1 Plus**

Distractors	Item Number
Distraction length 12 mm	51-524-12-09
Distraction length 15 mm	51-524-15-09
Distraction length/turn 0.3 mm	

Recommended screws
1.5 x 5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

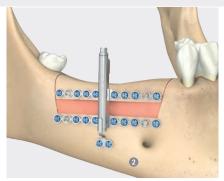
Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-525-85-07
Combination straight and angled	51-525-90-07
Micro	51-525-95-07





TRACK 1.5 1:1 scale

TRACK 2.0 1:1 scale



TRACK 1.5

### TRACK 1.5

Distractors	Item Number
Distraction length 15 mm	51-520-15-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Recommended screws
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04
Micro	51-525-95-07



TRACK 2.0

### TRACK 2.0

Distractors	Item Number
Distraction length 15 mm	51-530-15-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Recommended screws transport plate 1
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm
Emergency 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free 1.5 x 5 mm
Recommended screws base plate 2
2.0 x 4 mm to 2.0 x 7 mm
Emergency: 2.3 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 2.0 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04
Micro	51-520-95-07





For additional product information, please refer to the brochure "Alveolar Ridge Distraction — Product Overview".

#### Note:

For all TRACK distractors, no separate activator is needed.

### Mandibular Distraction

The different anatomical forms of mandibular microsomias and asymmetries frequently make high demands on the variability and adaptability of the distractors used. Prefabricated distractor models are sometimes too static and therefore cannot meet the requirements of specific clinical tasks. The Zurich mandibular distractors are suitable for distraction of the ascending mandibular ramus as well as of the mandibular body in infants and young adults in case of congenital or acquired mandibular defects and hypoplasia.

The Zurich II concept is suitable for similar indications but takes a completely different path: it is totally based on a modular principle, breaking down intraoral distractors into their basic components. All system components can be easily and rapidly combined with each other to create a perfect whole.

Additionally, transport distraction represents an interesting therapeutic option for patients with mandibular continuity defects as a result of trauma or resection or defects from malignant tumors after radiation and hyperbaric oxygen therapy.



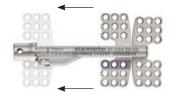
# Mandibular Distraction Micro Zurich II Distractors

Early intraoral distraction therapy for babies and infants aged up to one year requires distractors with an especially small profile to ensure that the distractor can be reliably covered with soft tissue. The Micro Zurich II product line has been designed with exactly this goal in mind.

### Micro Zurich II Distractors, end-driven

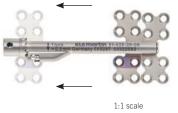
The posterior plate stays in place, while the anterior plate moves forward

End-driven	
(Mesh design, with anti-relap	se ratchet)
15 mm	51-424-15-09
20 mm	51-424-20-09
25 mm	51-424-25-09
30 mm	51-424-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.3 m	m
Recommended screws	
1.0 x 4 mm to 1.0 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.2 x 5 mm	
Patient screwdriver	
Straight	51-430-95-07





End-driven	
(Cloverleaf design, with anti-re	elapse ratchet)
15 mm	51-428-15-09
20 mm	51-428-20-09
25 mm	51-428-25-09
30 mm	51-428-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.3 mm	1
Recommended screws	
1.5 x 4 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	
Patient screwdriver	
Straight	51-430-95-07

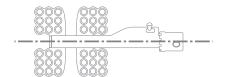




### **Product Features**



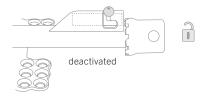
### Symmetrical design



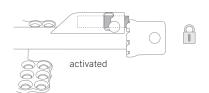
The symmetrical design allows you to use the same distractor on the left or on the right side. This reduces your stock-keeping needs and lowers the amount of capital tied up in distractors held in stock. The fixing plates can be cut to size intraoperatively to adapt them to individual anatomical requirements.

The plates available include the well-known cloverleaf plates and mesh designs. The distractors can be installed in place with the plates down or up.

### Anti-relapse ratchet



Some distractors of the Zurich II and Micro Zurich II product lines feature an anti-relapse ratchet that reliably prevents backward rotation of the distractor and consequential relapse of the distracted bone area. This stop can be deactivated intraoperatively for function test performance.



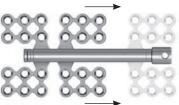
## Mandibular Distraction **Zurich II Distractors**



### Zurich II Distractors, end-driven

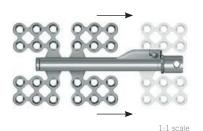
The posterior plate stays in place, while the anterior plate moves forward

End-driven (Mes	sh design)
15 mm	51-416-15-09
20 mm	51-416-20-09
25 mm	51-416-25-09
30 mm	51-416-30-09



End-driven (Mes	0 /
15 mm	51-426-15-09
20 mm	51-426-20-09
25 mm	51-426-25-09
30 mm	51-426-30-09

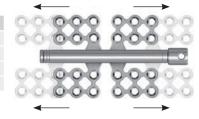
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm



### Zurich II Distractors, middle-driven

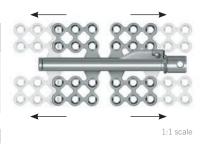
Both plates move from central position bilaterally

Middle-driven (	Mesh design)
15 mm	51-415-15-09
20 mm	51-415-20-09
25 mm	51-415-25-09
30 mm	51-415-30-09



Middle-driven (M with anti-relapse	<b>O</b> /
15 mm	51-425-15-09
20 mm	51-425-20-09
25 mm	51-425-25-09
30 mm	51-425-30-09

Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm



See pages 52-55



Recommended screws
1.5 x 4 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04





# Mandibular Distraction Zurich Pediatric Ramus Distractors



Zurich Pediatric Ramus, Cloverleaf design (flexible activator) 1:1 scale



Zurich Pediatric Ramus, Cloverleaf design (rigid activator)
1:1 scale



Zurich Pediatric Ramus, Cloverleaf design (flexible activator)

## 51-500-90-07 51-505-90-07 90° 51-505-91-04

### Zurich Pediatric Ramus Cloverleaf design (flexible activator)

Distractors incl. activator	Item Number
15 mm, left	51-515-15-09
20 mm, left	51-515-20-09
25 mm, left	51-515-25-09
15 mm, right	51-516-15-09
20 mm, right	51-516-20-09
25 mm, right	51-516-25-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Recommended screws
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-04
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

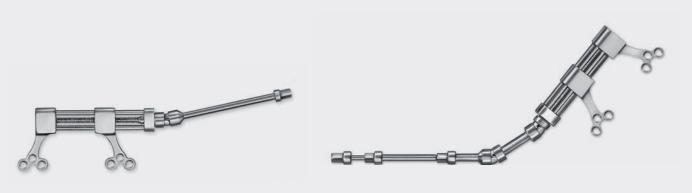
### Zurich Pediatric Ramus Cloverleaf design (rigid activator)

Distractors incl. activator	Item Number
15 mm, left	51-511-15-09
20 mm, left	51-511-20-09
25 mm, left	51-511-25-09
15 mm, right	51-513-15-09
20 mm, right	51-513-20-09
25 mm, right	51-513-25-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Recommended screws	
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

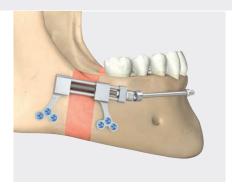
Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-04
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

### Horizontal and Ramus Distractors

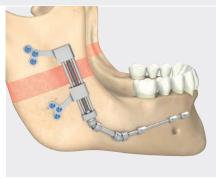


Horizontal Distractor
1:1 scale

Ramus Distractor 1:1 scale



Horizontal Distractor



Ramus Distractor



### **Horizontal Distractor**

Distractors incl. activator	Item Number
10 mm	51-500-10-09
15 mm	51-500-15-09
20 mm	51-500-20-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Recommended screws	
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-04
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

### **Ramus Distractor**

Distractors incl. activator	Item Number
15 mm	51-510-15-09
20 mm	51-510-20-09
25 mm	51-510-25-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

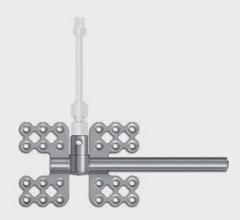
Recommended screws
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-04
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

- Low-profile distractors
- Symmetrical design no right or left versions
- Fixation optionally with the plates downwards or upwards (for fixation in the oblique line)
- Cardanic activators offer maximum flexibility for intraoral activation.
- Activation arm is already included.



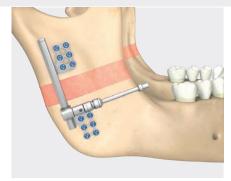
## Mandibular Distraction Right Angle Driven



Right Angle Driven (RAD)

Activators

See pages



Intraoral fixation of a distractor with 90° activation

### Right Angle Driven (RAD)

Distractors w/o activators	Item Number
20 mm, left	51-612-20-09
25 mm, left	51-612-25-09
20 mm, right	51-613-20-09
25 mm, right	51-613-25-09
Distraction length/turn 0.1 mm	

Recommended screws
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers
Straight 51-560-90-07

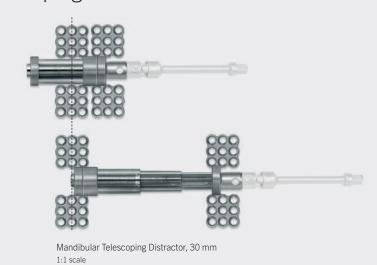


Distraction of the ascending ramus is very demanding for intraoral distractors. Here, the surgeon normally prefers intraoral activation, however this is especially hard to accomplish because of the lack of space.

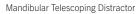
Due to the offset activator providing 90-degree access, these distractors offer excellent support in such situations, clearly facilitating intraoral activation.



## Mandibular Telescoping Distractor







# 51-555-85-07 51-555-95-07

### **Mandibular Telescoping Distractor**

Distractors w/o activators	Item Number
20 mm	51-350-20-09
30 mm	51-350-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.35 mm	1

Activators	
See pages 52-55	
02-00	

Recommended screws	
1.5 x 4 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-555-85-07
Angled	51-555-95-07

Using intraoral distractors for the therapy of serious mandibular micrognathias or asymmetries poses the basic problem of how to accommodate the relatively large spindle of the distractor in the patient's mouth.

The telescopic mandibular distractor provides the solution. Just like a car antenna, this distractor extends continuously in various phases, reaching its full volume only at the end of the distraction process.



## Mandibular Distraction Ramus Transport Distractor



Ramus Transport Distractor







Ramus Transport Distractors

To order separately
Consolidation plate

Optionally: Use of the consolidation plate

Activators See pages

### **Ramus Transport Distractors**

End-driven distractors w/o activators	Item Number
20 mm	51-421-20-09
25 mm	51-421-25-09
30 mm	51-421-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

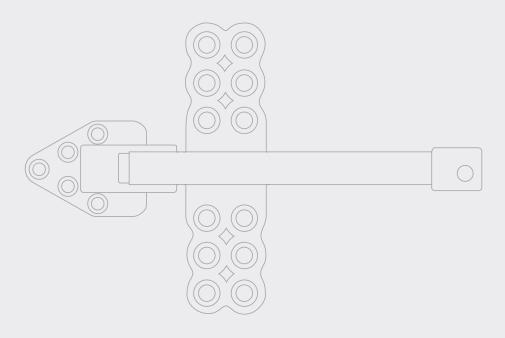
51-422-12-09

commended screws	
x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
ergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
I-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07







Transport distraction of the condylar head represents an interesting therapeutic option for the surgical correction of mandibular joint ankylosis and improvement of oral opening.

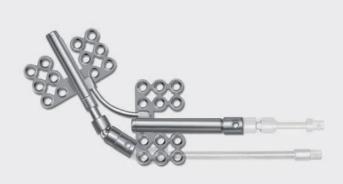
An L-type posterior ramus osteotomy provides for targeted movability to the condyle and enables isolated osteogenesis of the respective bone structures. The distractor has a completely symmetrical design and therefore can be used on both sides.

Thanks to the availability and modular use of activators (see pages 52-55), together with the two alternative posterior attachments provided, the surgeon can respond flexibly and individually to any anatomical challenge.

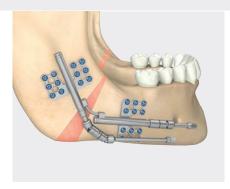
A special retention plate (51-422-12-09) is optionally available for increased patient convenience during the consolidation phase.

In case of using the retention plate, the distractor is detached from the posterior plate and removed. The retention plate is then attached from the front (caudally) and firmly locked in place. The posterior plate remains firmly connected to the condyle at any time.

## Mandibular Distraction Zurich Wood Distractor



Zurich Wood Distractor



Zurich Wood Distractor

### **Zurich Wood Distractor**

Distractors w/o activators	Item Number
20 x 20 mm, left	51-300-20-09
20 x 20 mm, right	51-301-20-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Activators See pages 52-55

Recommended screws	
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

Mandibular micrognathias frequently affect both the mandibular body and the ascending ramus. Bidirectional distractors offer surgeons an opportunity to treat both sectors in a targeted but independent way.

As opinions differ with regard to the question whether single or double osteotomy is indicated in the mandibular angle, the KLS Martin range of distractors offers solutions that satisfy the demands of both parties.

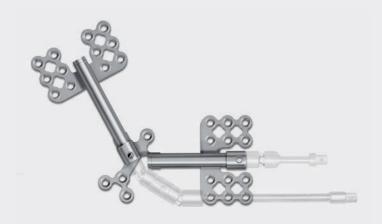
Zurich Wood distractors are a combination of two Zurich distractors. Their design reflects a very frequent type of mandibular micrognathias and asymmetries in which both the mandibular body and the ascending ramus are affected.

However, the entire range of activators contained in the Zurich modular distractor line can be used in addition to supplement or modify the two activators as required.

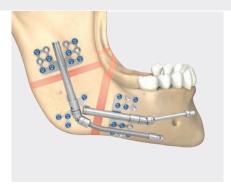
Zurich Wood distractors require only one osteotomy line to be performed in the mandibular angle region.



### **Zurich Bidirectional Distractor**



Zurich Bidirectional Distractor



Zurich Bidirectional Distractor



### **Zurich Bidirectional Distractor**

Distractors w/o activators	Item Number
15 x 20 mm, left	51-310-20-09
15 x 20 mm, right	51-311-20-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Activators See pages 52-55	

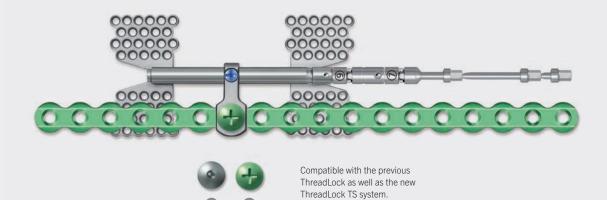
Recommended screws	
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

By means of a double osteotomy, the gonial angle will be clearly identified and formed. Individual bone formation of both, the ascending ramus and the mandibular body are guaranteed applying the two different activation spindles.



# Mandibular Distraction ThreadLock Transport Distractor



ThreadLock Transport Distractor fixed on a 2.7-mm ThreadLock TS reconstruction plate (to be ordered separately)
1:1 scale



ThreadLock Transport Distractor



### **ThreadLock Transport Distractor**

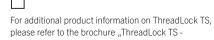
Distractors w/o activators	Item Number
50 mm	51-700-50-09*
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Activators See pages 52-55

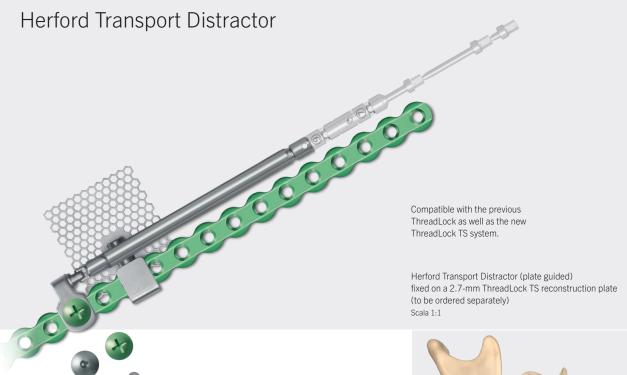
Recommended screws	
1.5 x 4 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

* including
1x distractor incl. the following fixation screws
1x Centre Drive® fixing screw 2.7 x 6 mm for ThreadLock recon plates (2.7 mm)
2 1x maxDrive® fixing screw 2.7 x 6 mm for ThreadLock recon plates (2.7 mm)



Multidirectional Locking Plate System".



Herford Transport Distractor (plate guided)

### Herford Transport Distractor (plate guided)

Distractors w/o activators	Item Number
40 mm, left	51-710-40-09*
60 mm, left	51-710-60-09*
40 mm, right	51-711-40-09*
60 mm, right	51-711-60-09*
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Activators	
See pages	
52-55	

Recommended screws	
1.5 x 4 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

* including
1x distractor incl. the following fixation screws
1x Centre Drive® fixing screw 2.7 x 6 mm for ThreadLock recon plates (2.7 mm)
2 1x maxDrive® fixing screw 2.7 x 6 mm for ThreadLock recon plates (2.7 mm)



For additional product information on ThreadLock TS, please refer to the brochure "ThreadLock TS - Multidirectional Locking Plate System".

### **Maxillary Distraction**

KLS Martin maxillary distractors are designed for the treatment of moderate to severe maxillary deficiency and hypoplasia in children and adolescents. Treatment of maxillary hypoplasia has traditionally involved conventional Le Fort I osteotomies and advancement. Le Fort I advancement with distraction osteogenesis has emerged as viable, stable treatment modality correction of severe maxillary hypoplasia in cleft, syndromic, and noncleft patients.

Hence, intraoral distractors such as the Maxillary Telescoping, Zurich Pediatric Maxillary or TS-MD allow an advancement of the midface at the LeFort I level.

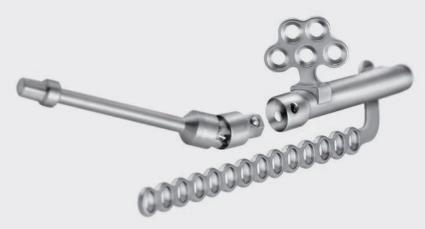
Furthermore, the Liou Cleft Distractor is an intraoral system for the horizontal transport distraction of the maxillary alveolar ridge. The distractor allows segment transport in unidirectional way, enabling reconstruction of defects resulting from e.g. alveolar cleft in cleft lip and palate patients, removal of alveolar fistula and congenital or acquired deficiency of the alveolar ridge.



# Maxillary Distraction Zurich Pediatric Maxillary Distractor



Zurich Pediatric Maxillary Distractor (flexible activator) 1:1 scale



Zurich Pediatric Maxillary Distractor (with detached activator) 2:1 scale

### **Zurich Pediatric Maxillary Distractor**

Distractors with flexible activators ( $t^* = 0.6 \text{ mm}$ )	Item Number
15 mm, left	51-550-15-09
15 mm, right	51-551-15-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Distractors with rigid activators (t* = 0.6 mm)	
15 mm, left	51-552-15-09
15 mm, right	51-553-15-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

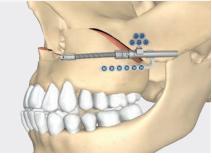
Distractors w/o activators (t* = 1.0 mm)	
15 mm, left	51-556-15-09
20 mm, left	51-556-20-09
15 mm, right	51-557-15-09
20 mm, right	51-557-20-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Activators See pages

Recommended screws
1.5 x 5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

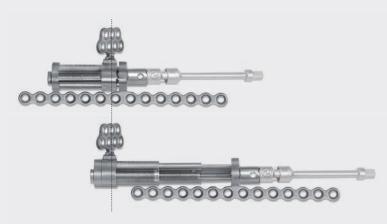
Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

<sup>\*</sup> thickness of the plate

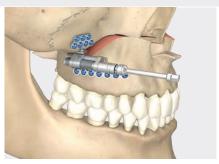


Zurich Pediatric Maxillary Distractor (flexible activator)

## Maxillary Telescoping Distractor



Maxillary Telescoping Distractor, 30 mm, right



Maxillary Telescoping Distractor



### **Maxillary Telescoping Distractor**

Distractors w/o activators	Item Number
30 mm, left	51-360-30-09
30 mm, right	51-361-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.35 mm	

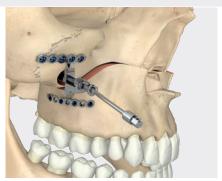
Activators	
See pages	
52-55	

Recommended screws	
1.5 x 4 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-555-85-07
Angled	51-555-95-07

## Maxillary Distraction TS-MD Distractor





TS-MD Distractor

### **TS-MD Distractor**

Distractors incl. activator	Item Number
20 mm	51-540-20-09
25 mm	51-540-25-09
30 mm	51-540-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Recommended screws
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Angled	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04



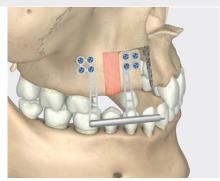
The TS-MD distractor is designed for the treatment of moderate to severe maxillary deficiency and hypoplasia.

The distraction spindle is placed in the maxillary sinus which is large enough even at the age of 8 years to provide room for it. The anatomy of the maxillary sinus causes no limitation in the choice of the vector of distraction, which is indicated by the position of the distraction spindle.

### Liou Cleft Distractor



Liou Cleft Distractor 1:1 scale



Liou Cleft Distractor

### **Liou Cleft Distractor**

Distractors incl. activator	Item Number
20 mm, left	51-650-20-09
20 mm, right	51-651-20-09
Distraction length/turn 0.3 mm	

Recommended screws	
1.5 x 4 mm or 1.5 x 5 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-525-85-07
Combination straight and angled	51-525-90-07



The Liou Cleft Distractor is an intraoral system for the horizontal transport distraction of the maxillary alveolar ridge. The distractor allows segment transport in unidirectional way, enabling reconstruction of defects resulting from:

- alveolar cleft in cleft lip and palate patients
- removal of alveolar fistula
- congenital or acquired deficiency of the alveolar ridge

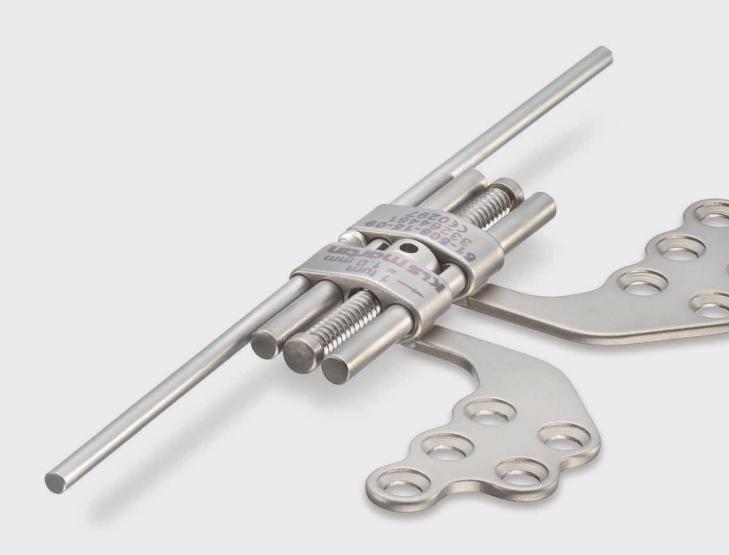
#### Note:

For all Liou Cleft Distractors, no activator is needed.

### Transversal Distraction

Transversal discrepancies are among the most frequent craniofacial disorders in cranio-maxillofacial surgery. Bone-borne devices offer clear advantages in comparison to tooth-borne solutions, as they allow simultaneous treatment by the orthodontic team leading to a significant reduction of the overall treatment time.

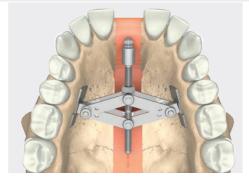
KLS Martin has done pioneering work in transversal distraction osteogenesis. With the RPE transversal distractor, the Rotterdam midline distractor, the Bologna and the Rotterdam mandibular distractors the company offers four important bone-borne strategies which make sure the surgeon has the complete choice of bone-borne solutions for a reliable skeletal base for adequate positioning of teeth.



## Transverse Maxillary Distraction Rotterdam Palatal Distractor



Rotterdam Palatal Distractor 1:1 scale



During distraction period

### **Rotterdam Palatal Distractor**

Distractors	Item Number
9 mm initial width (19 mm distraction length)	51-555-09-09
13 mm initial width (19 mm distraction length)	51-555-13-09

### Distraction length/turn see distraction diagram

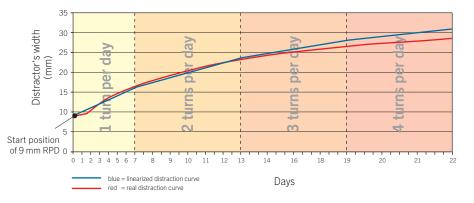
### Screws are not required!

Patient screwdrivers	
Hockey stick-like	51-555-90-07
Straight	51-500-91-07



### **Distraction Diagram**

showing the width of a 9-mm Rotterdam Palatal Distractor in relation to active distraction time





For additional product information, please refer to the brochure "Transversal Distraction Overview".

# Rapid Palatal Expander









RPE Distractor

# Rapid Palatal Expander (RPE)

Distractors	Item Number	STERILE R
1 9 mm distraction length	51-565-09-09*	51-565-09-71 **
2 18 mm distraction length	51-565-18-09*	51-565-18-71 **
3 27 mm distraction length	51-565-27-09*	51-565-27-71 **
4 36 mm distraction length	51-565-36-09*	51-565-36-71 **
Recommended distraction length		
1-2 color codes = 0.33 - 0.66 mm/day		
(one complete turn = 1.0 mm)		

Measuring Templates		
Size I	51-564-09-09	
Size II	51-564-18-09	
Size III	51-564-27-09	
Size IV	51-564-36-09	

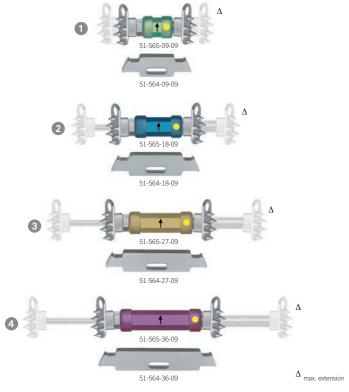
# Recommended screws

Drill-Free: 2.0 x 7 mm

Patient screwdriver	
Activating wrench	51-565-90-07
Flexible activating wrench	51-565-95-07

\* distractor including activating wrench 51-565-90-07 and 2 maxDrive® Drill-Free screws 2.0 x 7 mm

\*\* sterile packed distractor, including activation wrench 51-565-90-07 and 2 maxDrive® Drill-Free screws 2.0 x 7 mm

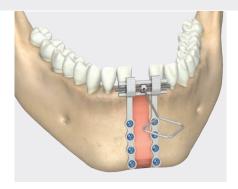


1:1 scale

# Transverse Mandibular Distraction Rotterdam Midline Distractor



Rotterdam Midline Distractor



Rotterdam Midline Distractor

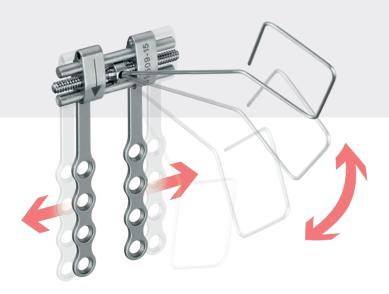
# **Rotterdam Midline Distractor**

Distractors	Item Number
15 mm	51-509-15-09*

# Recommended distraction length 2 activ. of 90° = 0.5 mm 4 activ. of 90° = 1.0 mm

Recommended screws	
2.0 x 4 mm to 2.0 x 11 mm	
Emergency: 2.3 x 5, 7, 9 mm	
Drill-Free: 2.0 x 5, 7 mm	

Patient screwdriver	
Activating wire	51-509-90-07
*including activating wire	



Transverse mandibular hypoplasia with crowding of the anterior teeth and a V-shape of the mandible is frequently seen in patients with Class I and II malocclusions and Class III patients requiring decompensation before orthognathic surgery. The surgical technique of widening the symphyseal area of the mandible by means of distraction is a successful treatment option for such indications. The Rotterdam Midline Distractor is a totally bone-borne distractor, based on a simple hyrax-appliance, that will be placed and activated.



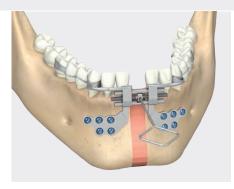


For additional product information, please refer to the brochure "Transversal Distraction Overview".

# Bologna Midline Distractor



Bologna Midline Distractor 1:1 scale



Bologna Midline Distractor

# **Bologna Midline Distractor**

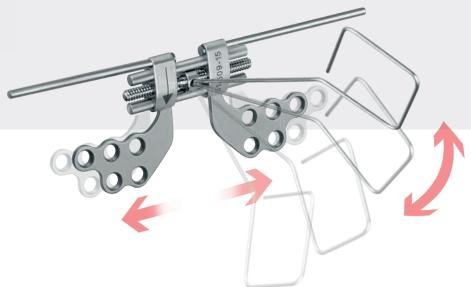
Distractors	Item Number
15 mm	51-508-15-09*

# Recommended distraction length 2 activ. of 90° = 0.5 mm 4 activ. of 90° = 1.0 mm

Recommended screws
2.0 x 4 mm to 2.0 x 7 mm
Emergency: 2.3 x 5, 7 mm
Drill-Free: 2.0 x 5, 7 mm

Patient screwdriver	
Activating wire	51-509-90-07

\*including activating wire



The Bologna Midline Distractor offers the combination of bone-borne and tooth-borne anchorage. The attached steel bar enables a stable fixation with the dental anchoring and in this way allows a parallel bone and dental arch widening. Therefore force transmittance can be guaranteed.





For additional product information, please refer to the brochure "Transversal Distraction Overview".

# Midface and Cranial Distraction

In traditional craniofacial remodeling, there are creative techniques used to increase the volume and shape of existing bone, but generating bone and tissue through gradual distraction offers a reliable method to achieve treatment goals.

Cranial vault expansion and fronto-facial advancement by distraction osteogenesis has the big advantage of producing new autologous bone of correct shape in their locations, which is alive and vascularized. The technique, although not simple and not risk free, is much less technically challenging and exposes patients to lower risk for the most serious complications compared to single-stage vault expansion or monobloc advancement. Less soft tissue dissection and less devascularization of bone are required thus minimizing bone resorption and epidural dead space seen in traditional cranial remodeling. As the expansion is gradual, wound closure is not under tension resulting in less risk of problems with healing.



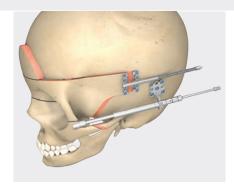
# Midface and Cranial Distraction Arnaud Cranio-Orbital Distractors



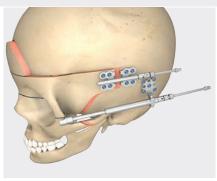
Arnaud Cranio-Orbital Distractor 1.5



Arnaud Cranio-Orbital Distractor 2.0



Arnaud Cranio-Orbital Distractor 1.5



Arnaud Cranio-Orbital Distractor 2.0

# **Arnaud Cranio-Orbital Distractor**

# Arnaud 1.5

Distractor incl. activator	Item Number
20 mm	51-630-20-09
30 mm	51-630-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.3 mm	

Recommended screws
Standard screws: 1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 5 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight 0.3 mm	51-525-85-07

# Arnaud 2.0

Distractor incl. activator	Item Number
20 mm	51-632-20-09
30 mm	51-632-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.6 mm	

Activators See pages 52-55

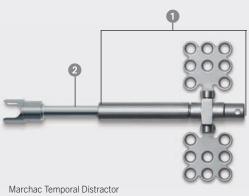
Recommended screws	
Standard screws: 2.0 x 4 mm to 2.0 x 5 mm	
Emergency: 2.3 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 2.0 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight 0.6 mm	51-423-95-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

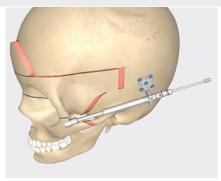


For additional product information, please refer to the brochure "Cranial Distraction".

# Marchac Temporal Distractors







Marchac Temporal Distractor



# **Marchac Temporal Distractor**

Distractors w/o activators	Item Number
25 mm, for babies	51-620-25-09
35 mm, for children and adults	51-620-35-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

51-623-40-09
51-623-50-09
51-623-60-09

Spindle incl. pivot, 70 mm	51-623-70-09
Recommended screws	
1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 7 mm	
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm	
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm	

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight	51-500-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04



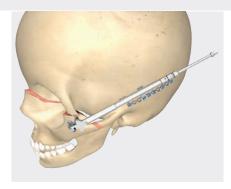


For additional product information, please refer to the brochure "Cranial Distraction".

# Midface and Cranial Distraction Kawamoto Distractors



Kawamoto Distractor



Kawamoto Distractor

# **Kawamoto Distractor**

Distractor w/o activators	Item Number
Straight, 30 mm	51-402-30-09
Bent, 30 mm	51-403-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	1

Activators See pages 52-55

Recommended screws
Standard screws: 1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 5 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight 0.5 mm	51-500-90-07
Straight 0.5 mm	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

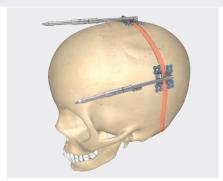


For additional product information, please refer to the brochure "Cranial Distraction".

# Posterior Cranial Vault Distractors



Posterior Cranial Vault Distractor



Posterior Cranial Vault Distractors



# **Posterior Cranial Vault Distractor**

Distractors w/o activators	Item Number
Small spindle, 30 mm, with ratchet	51-405-42-09
Distraction length/turn 0.3 mm	

See pages	
52-55	

Distractors w/o activators	
Large spindle, 30 mm, with ratchet	51-563-30-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	

Recommended screws
Standard screws: 1.5 x 3.5 mm to 1.5 x 5 mm
Emergency: 1.8 x 5 mm
Drill-Free: 1.5 x 5 mm

Patient screwdrivers	
Straight 0.3 mm	51-430-95-07
Straight 0.5 mm	51-500-90-07
Angled 0.5 mm	51-505-90-07
Combination straight and angled for handle 25-402-99-07	51-505-91-04

The Posterior Cranial Vault Distractor is especially designed for the distraction of the posterior part of the skull. For optimal adaptation to the convex cranium, the osteosynthesis plates are not fully rigidly attached to the slide but are slightly movable.

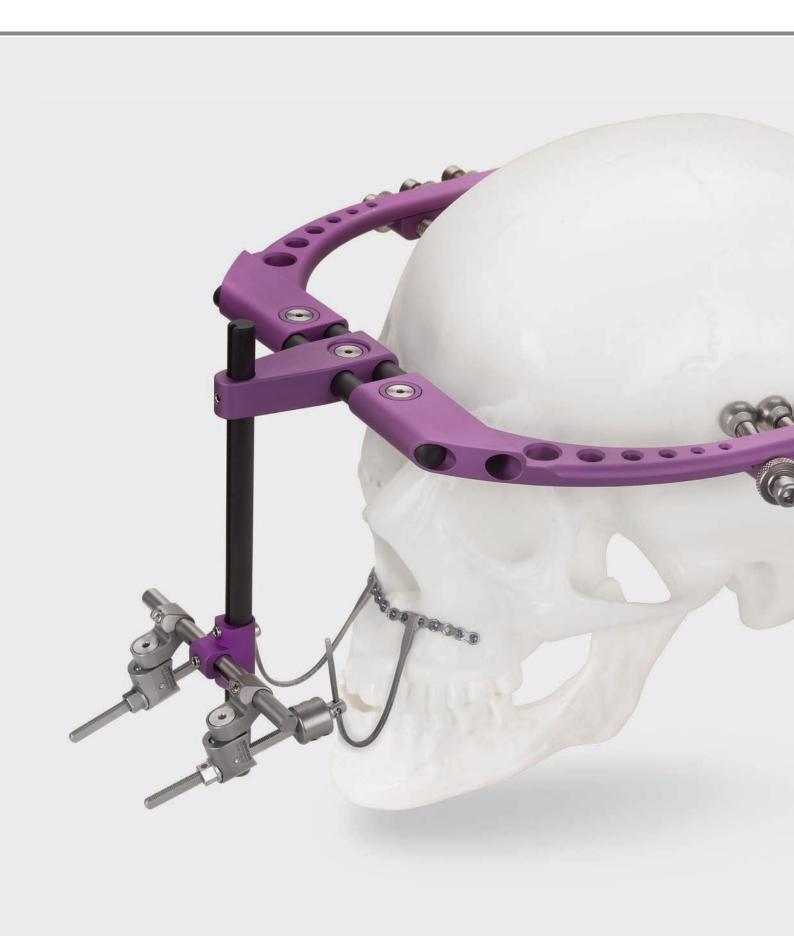


For additional product information, please refer to the brochure "Cranial Distraction".

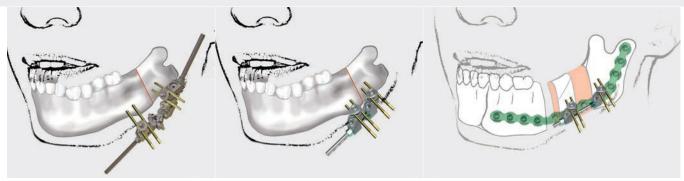
# **External Distraction**

Cases of mandibular micrognathia or asymmetry are usually complex, as the minor growth is affecting both, mandibular body and ascending ramus. Especially in growing bone an external distractor is often the method of choice, as its bicortical pins find a better fixation in the soft, not completely ossified bone.

Most patients showing midfacial hypoplasia are usually preoperated. Often, a large amount of scar tissue formation is limiting the success of any distraction procedure ending up in compromising results. In these cases, the RED II is definitely offering a state-of- the-art technology. It is extremely efficient in bringing the bone segments in the desired position and simultaneously to keep them there for bone consolidation. As all important components are external, the distraction vector can be altered or corrected at any time. A wide selection of accessories is at your disposition to match any clinical task.

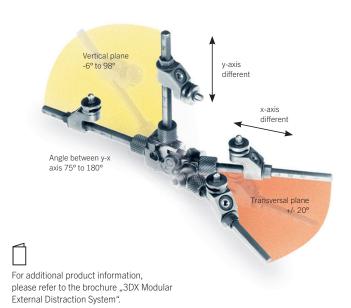






Multidirectional distraction

Unidirectional distraction



Transport distraction

3D X basic set



51-601-00-09

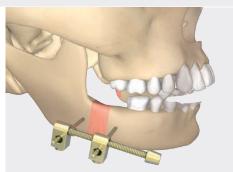
# **3D Xternal Distraction System**

Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	
to order separately	
Pin 2.0 x 52 mm, steel (4 each)	51-620-50-05
Pin 2.7 x 62 mm, steel (4 each)	51-627-60-05
Pin 2.0 x 42 mm, titanium (2 each)	51-606-40-09
Pin 2.7 x 62 mm, titanium (2 each)	51-608-60-09

Instruments	
Patient screwdriver, hexagonal	51-600-75-07
Angular adjustment driver	51-600-80-07
Pin driver	51-600-85-07

# Molina Distractors









Molina Unidirectional Distractor

# **Molina Unidirectional Distracor**

Distractor for babies and infants	Item Number
28 mm	51-600-28-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	
to order separately	
Pins, 2 x 42 mm (2 each)	51-606-40-09
Pin, 2 x 121 mm (1 each)	51-606-12-09
Pins, 2.7 x 62 mm (2 each)	51-608-60-09

2 Distractor for children	Item Number
43 mm	51-600-43-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	
to order separately	
Pins, 2.7 x 62 mm (2 each)	51-608-60-09

3 Distractor for adults	Item Number
53 mm	51-600-53-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	
to order separately	
Pins, 3.2 x 62 mm (2 each)	51-610-60-09

Patient screwdrivers	
Screwdriver for pins	51-600-85-07
Activator and fixation-SD	51-600-90-07

Molina Bidirectional Distractor

# **Molina Bidirectional Distractor**

4 Distractors for children	Item Number
56 x 40 mm, left	51-601-56-09
56 x 40 mm, right	51-602-56-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	
to order separately	
Pins, 2.7 x 62 mm (2 each)	51-608-60-09

5 Distractors for adults	Item Number
76 x 40 mm, left	51-601-76-09
76 x 40 mm, right	51-602-76-09
Distraction length/turn 0.5 mm	
to order separately	
Pins, 3.2 x 62 mm (2 each)	51-610-60-09

Patient screwdrivers	
Screwdriver for pins	51-600-85-07
Activator and fixation-SD	51-600-90-07

# **External Midface Distraction RED II System**



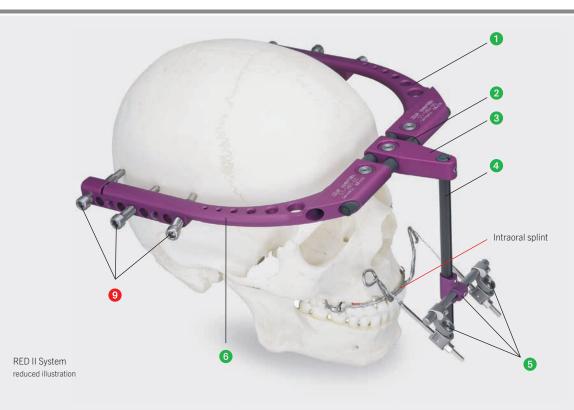
Developed in cooperation with

Dr. J. Polley, M.D. and Dr. A. Figueroa, D.D.S., M.S.

Most patients showing midfacial hypoplasia are usually preoperated. Often, a large amount of scar tissue formation is limiting the success of any distraction procedure ending up in compromising results. In these cases, the RED II is definitely setting new standards. It is extremely efficient in bringing the bone segments in the desired position and simultaneously to keep them there for bone consolidation. As all important components are external, the distraction vector can be altered or corrected at any time. A wide selection of accessories is at your disposition to match any clinical task.

# Benefits

- Completely adjustable for any midfacial hypoplasia patient
- Possibility to perform Le-Fort-I, II, III and monobloc distraction procedures
- Force application only on the affected treatment region
- External distractor definition and correction of all vectors at any time
- Unlimited distraction distances
- Very strong distraction force, excellent retention potential
- Easy and quick assembly in the OR as well as removal in the office or clinical setting
- Ability to treat patients with severe skeletal deficiencies who are not amenable to, or would receive comprised results with conventional orthognathic surgery
- No bone grafting required no uncalculable recidiva involved.





Leipzig Retention Plate in situ

Leipzig Retention Plate

# **RED II System**

Item No.	Qty.	Description
51-580-00-04		RED II Distraction system, complete assembly
		(prepared for LeFort I procedures)
Consisting of		

	Consisting of:		
0	51-580-01-04	1	Distraction segment, left
2	51-575-15-04	2	Carbon rods, 120 mm, horizontal
3	51-580-05-04	1	Center part
4	51-575-16-04	1	Carbon rod, 150 mm, vertical
6	51-580-45-04	1	Horizontal cross bar assembly, complete with
			horizontal cross bar + holder + 2 spindle units
6	51-580-02-04	1	Distraction segment, right
0	51-580-85-07	1	Patient screwdriver

	To order separately:		
8	51-575-90-07	1	Adjustment screwdriver, hexagonal
9	51-575-10-09	1 Pack	Fixation screws 45 mm, 10/each
	or		
	51-575-12-09	1 Pack	Fixation screws 55 mm, 10/each



The connection to the occlusal level can be achieved by either an intraoral splint (manufactured by the hospital's orthodontic team) or the Leipzig retention plates (2 pieces recommended). Retention plate to be fixed with 1.5 mm screws, 5-7 mm.

Item No.	Description
51-582-50-04	Retention plate 1.5 (1.5 mm square rod)
51-582-55-04	Retention plate 1.8 (1.8 mm square rod)



For further information on the RED II distractor especially for system preparation for LeFort III and Monobloc procedures, please refer to the brochure "RED II System - Rigid External Distraction".

# Distraction Activators Conventional removable Activators

Most KLS Martin distraction devices are delivered without activator allowing the choice of an individual activator that meets the anatomical requirements of the patient instead of using a predefined one.

This not only allows more flexibility but also leads to an increased patient comfort during the distraction procedure.

The whole range of activators includes rigid and flexible activators in different lengths. These activators can additionally be combined with different cardanic extensions to gain more flexibility.

# Conventional removable activators\*

	Activation arms	Item No.
	Activation arm, flexible, incl. cardanic element, 30 mm	51-400-30-09
	Activation arm, flexible, incl. cardanic element, 40 mm	51-400-40-09
3 • 1	Activation arm, flexible, incl. cardanic element, 50 mm	51-400-50-09
4	Activation arm, rigid, incl. cardanic element, 25 mm	51-401-25-09
5	Activation arm, rigid, incl. cardanic element, 35 mm	51-401-35-09
6	Activation arm, rigid, incl. cardanic element, 45 mm	51-401-45-09
	Activation arm, rigid, incl. cardanic element, 50 mm, clipable	51-401-50-09
	Additional	Item No.
8	Direct drive activator	51-401-90-09
9	Single cardanic extension for activation arm	51-401-91-09
10	Rigid extension 20 mm for activation arm	51-401-92-09
1/1	Trocar tip for activation arm	51-401-93-09

# \* Removal of activator

During the consolidation period – once the active distraction process has been completed – activators are basically no longer needed and a source of inconvenience for the patient.

The activators on this page can easily be removed by using special disconnection forceps (item no. 51-400-01-07, see page 57).

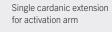


The following example illustrates the principle of combining different activator components:

Zurich II Distractor, Mesh design, middle-driven



Rigid extension 20 mm for activation arm



Activation arm, rigid, incl. cardanic element, 35 mm

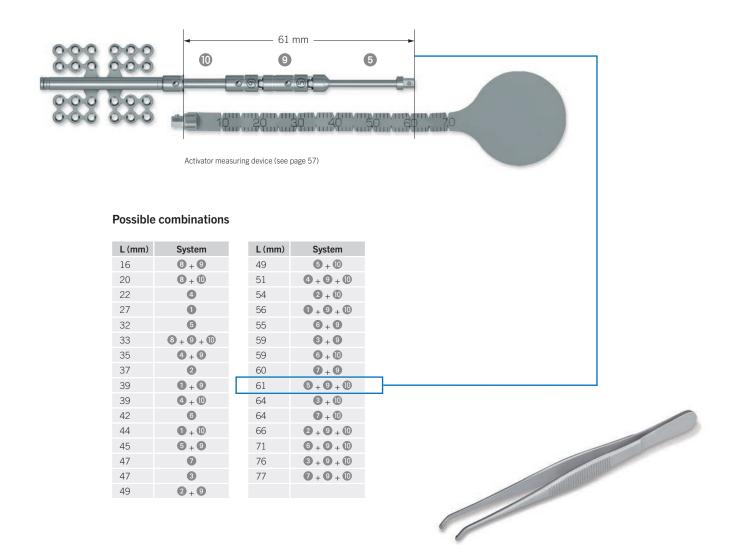






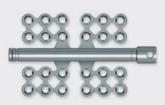


Example: Total activator length 61 mm 1:1 scale



# Maximum safety and patient comfort thanks to Remote Release Activators

Distractor, Mesh design,



Example: Activator length 53 mm 1:1 scale

Single cardanic extension for activation arm



Remote Release Activator, rigid, 53 mm



During the consolidation phase — once the active distraction process has been completed — distraction activators are basically no longer needed. Quite the contrary, they are not only a constant source of inconvenience to the patient but also involve elevated risk of infection right at the percutaneous point. Conventional distraction activators are disconnected from the distractor body with the aid of a special forceps. This usually requires that the operation situs has to be opened again to access the connection point between distractor and activator. Mainly in difficult accessible anatomical regions this can be both time-consuming and difficult and moreover the patient is exposed to additional stress.

Especially for such cases we developed an alternative, a new generation of activators:

The Remote Release Activators.

The special and completely new feature about these activators is that the mechanism of coupling and uncoupling is located at the point of activation with the patient screwdriver. Thereby the uncoupling of the activator can be initiated directly from the outside and the dissection of the way to the connection point between distractor and activator is not applicable anymore.

Remote Release Activators fit to all standard couplings that are designed for removable activators, such as almost all distractors specified in this brochure. They provide an alternative option in addition to the proven, conventional activators.

As standard Remote Release Activators are provided without cardanic element, they must be combined with the cardanic element 51-401-91-09 to reduce the risk of breakage.

If one choses an additional cardanic element, it will stay with the distractor after removal of the Remote Release Activator.

# Uncoupling procedure



1. Pull out the release lug (some resistance needs to be overcome).



2. The release lug stands in exposed position by turning it clockwise or anti-clockwise by 90°.



3. This lowers the ball and socket of the universal coupling of the activator.



4. The activator can now be easily removed.

# **Coupling procedure**

The coupling procedure is exactly the same up to step 3. Once the ball and socket is lowered, the activator can be easily plugged in place. To lock it, rotate the release lug back by  $90^{\circ}$  and push it in. This causes the internal ball to rise, thus locking the activator in place.

# **Remote Release Activators**

	Activators	Item No.
	Remote Release Activator, flexible, 33 mm	51-411-33-09
	Remote Release Activator, rigid, 33 mm	51-410-33-09
	Remote Release Activator, rigid, 43 mm	51-410-43-09
(0)	Remote Release Activator, rigid, 53 mm	51-410-53-09
	Single cardanic extension for activation arm	51-401-91-09

Each Remote Release Activator comes with a dedicated instruction for use providing all important information for handling the device.

# Instruments for Distractor Placement

1.0 mm Micro

(For all distractors fixed with 1.0-mm screws)



51-525-80-07 15.5 cm / 6" Plate-holding forceps, curved

0



Lindorf 25-435-10-07 16 cm / 6 ¼" Plate-holding instrument



1.5 mm Micro

(For all distractors fixed with 1.5-mm screws)



25-441-16-07 18 cm / 7" Plate-holding forceps



Lindorf 25-435-15-07 18 cm / 7" Plate-holding forceps









25-486-13-07 13 cm / 5"

Modeling pliers 2 items recommended



51-400-03-07 15.5 cm / 6"

Body holding forceps



51-400-02-07 18 cm / 7" Cutter





51-400-04-07 18 cm / 7"

Activator measuring device





51-400-01-07 15.5 cm / 6" Activation arm disconnection forceps





# Screws, Drill Bits and Screwdriver Blades



Micro Screws		self-retaining
	Ø x Length	Centre Drive®
	1.0 x 3 mm	25-660-03-09
揉	1.0 x 4 mm	25-660-04-09
1	1.0 x 5 mm	25-660-05-09
	1.0 x 6 mm	25-660-06-09
	1.0 x 7 mm	25-660-07-09

Emergency Screws		self-retaining
	Ø x Length	Centre Drive®
	1.2 x 3 mm	25-661-03-09
=	1.2 x 5 mm	25-661-05-09
1		
•		

Screwdriver Blades for 1.0-mm Screws for screwdriver handle 25-402-99-07		
St 1	<b>Centre Drive®</b> 25-428-98-07	

	Drill Bits for 1.0-mm Screws with J-notch attachment			
St	9	Ø x Length	Stop	Item No.
9	4	0.7 x 50 mm	3 mm	25-454-03-91
7	Â	0.7 x 50 mm	5 mm	25-454-05-91
G	Ħ	0.7 x 50 mm	7 mm	25-454-07-91

# maxDrive® Hex Head 1.2 mm







Drill-Free Hex Head Screws				
	Ø x Length	Thread Length	maxDrive®	
	1.2 x 7 mm	5 mm	50-347-07-09	
1	1.2 x 9 mm	7 mm	50-347-09-09	
1				
琴				

Screwdriver Blades for 1.2-mm Screws for screwdriver handle 25-402-99-07		
St 1	maxDrive® 25-489-97-07	

Hex head screws lessen the difficulty of removal if there is bony overgrowth or the screw head is difficult to see during removal. Although hex head screws are drill free, predrilling may be required depending on the specific patient's bone.

The following applies to distractors with ratchet:

The clearance of the distractor must be checked in the extended state. It must be ensured that the hex head screws do not collide with the ratchet device.

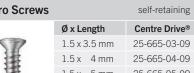


51-525-85-07 Patient screwdriver for hex head screws





Centre Drive® 1.5 mm



	Ø x Length	Centre Drive®
577	1.5 x 3.5 mm	25-665-03-09
	1.5 x 4 mm	25-665-04-09
	1.5 x 5 mm	25-665-05-09
	1.5 x 6 mm	25-665-06-09
	1.5 x 7 mm	25-665-07-09

<b>Emergency Screws</b>		self-retaining
	Ø x Length	Centre Drive®
1	1.8 x 3.5 mm	25-666-03-09
<b>1</b>	1.8 x 5 mm	25-666-05-09
	1.8 x 7 mm	25-666-07-09
W		

Drill-Free Screws self-retaining			
	Ø x Le	ngth	Centre Drive®
	1.5 x	4 mm	25-668-04-09
	1.5 x	5 mm	25-668-05-09
	1.5 x	6 mm	25-668-06-09
	1.5 x	7 mm	25-668-07-09

Screwdriver Blades for 1.5-mm Screws for screwdriver handle 25-402-99-07				
\$t	<b>Centre Drive</b> ® 25-430-98-07	maxDrive® 25-489-97-07		

# maxDrive\* 1.5 mm



Micro Screws			self-retaining
	Ø x Le	ngth	maxDrive®
	1.5 x 3	3.5 mm	25-875-03-09
<b>1</b>	1.5 x	4 mm	25-875-04-09
-	1.5 x	5 mm	25-875-05-09
A.	1.5 x	6 mm	25-875-06-09
	1.5 x	7 mm	25-875-07-09

Emergency Screws self-retaining			
	Ø x Lengtl	h	maxDrive®
	1.8 x 3.5 r	nm	25-876-03-09
	1.8 x 4 r	nm	25-876-04-09
	1.8 x 5 r	nm	25-876-05-09
	1.8 x 7 r	nm	25-876-07-09

Drill-Free Screws self-retaining			
	Ø x Le	ength	maxDrive®
	1.5 x	4 mm	25-878-04-09
	1.5 x	5 mm	25-878-05-09
	1.5 x	6 mm	25-878-06-09
40	1.5 x	7 mm	25-878-07-09

Drill Bits for 1.5-mm Screws with J-notch attachment			
St. A	Ø x Length	Stop	Item No.
9	1.1 x 50 mm	3.5 mm	25-452-03-91
<b>X</b>	1.1 x 50 mm	5 mm	25-452-05-91
	1.1 x 50 mm	7 mm	25-452-07-91



25-402-99-07 Screwdriver handle

# Screws, Drill Bits and Screwdriver Blades

# maxDrive® Hex Head 1.5 mm





Drill-Free Hex Head Screws			
	Ø x Length	Thread Length	maxDrive®
	1.5 x 7 mm	5 mm	50-348-07-09
	1.5 x 9 mm	7 mm	50-348-09-09
<b>事</b>			
華			

Screwdriver Blades for 1.5-mm Screws for screwdriver handle 25-407-03-04		
	maxDrive®	
St	25-438-97-07	
1		

# Note:

Hex head screws lessen the difficulty of removal if there is bony overgrowth or the screw head is difficult to see during removal. Although hex head screws are drill free, predrilling may be required depending on the specific patient's bone.

 ${\it The following applies to distractors with ratchet:}$ 

The clearance of the distractor must be checked in the extended state. It must be ensured that the hex head screws do not collide with the ratchet device.



51-500-90-07 Patient screwdriver for hex head screws

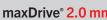


















Micro Screws		self-retaining
	Ø x Length	Centre Drive®
	2.0 x 4 mm	25-662-04-09
掛	2.0 x 5 mm	25-662-05-09
#	2.0 x 6 mm	25-662-06-09
	2.0 x 7 mm	25-662-07-09
	2.0 x 9 mm	25-662-09-09
	2.0 x 11 mm	25-662-11-09

Emergency Screws self-retaining			
	Ø x Length	Centre Drive®	
	2.3 x 5 mm	25-663-45-09	
	2.3 x 7 mm	25-663-47-09	
	2.3 x 9 mm	25-663-49-09	
40			

Drill-Free Scre	self-retaining	
	Ø x Length	Centre Drive®
1	2.0 x 5 mm	25-669-05-09
	2.0 x 7 mm	25-669-07-09
1		
-		

	rewdriver Blades for 2.0-mm Screws crewdriver handle 25-402-99-07									
<b>G</b>	Centre Drive®	maxDrive®								
	25-434-98-07	25-491-97-07								
<b>u</b>										

maxDrive® 2.	0 mm
--------------	------



	self-retaining
Ø x Length	maxDrive®
2.0 x 4 mm	25-872-04-09
2.0 x 5 mm	25-872-05-09
2.0 x 6 mm	25-872-06-09
2.0 x 7 mm	25-872-07-09
2.0 x 9 mm	25-872-09-09
2.0 x 11 mm	25-872-11-09

Emergency Sc	self-retaining	
	Ø x Length	maxDrive®
	2.3 x 4 mm	25-873-44-09
	2.3 x 5 mm	25-873-45-09
17	2.3 x 7 mm	25-873-47-09
	2.3 x 9 mm	25-873-49-09

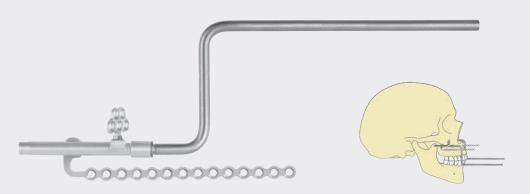
Drill-Free Scre	self-retaining	
	Ø x Length	maxDrive®
	2.0 x 5 mm	25-879-05-09
<b>45</b>	2.0 x 6 mm	25-879-06-09
1	2.0 x 7 mm	25-879-07-09
-	2.0 x 9 mm	25-879-09-09

<b>Drill Bits for 2.0-mm Screws</b> with J-notch attachment										
St 4	Ø x Length	Stop	Item No.							
9	1.5 x 50 mm	5 mm	25-449-05-91							
	1.5 x 50 mm	7 mm	25-449-07-91							
0	1.5 x 50 mm	9 mm	25-449-09-91							
-	1.5 x 50 mm	11 mm	25-449-11-91							



25-402-99-07 Screwdriver handle

# Instrument for Vector Determination



51-400-05-09
Parallelization instrument
(one instrument to be used per distractor)

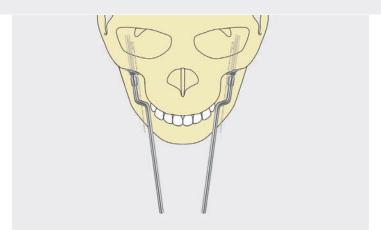


Figure: Problem of vector parallelism: A V-type alignment of 2 distractors can lead to complications, especially where great distraction lengths are involved.

For bilateral distractions in particular, vector parallelism is a factor of great importance. As a rule, both distractors should be aligned as parallel to the distraction vector as possible. Unfortunately, this is easier said than done. The positioning instrument enables users to detect deviations at a very early stage and correct them at once.

The instrument can be plugged onto the universal coupling as it is done with an activator.

In this way it greatly facilitates correct distractor alignment, thus helping to prevent complications.



# Storage

Illustrated items	Item Number
Insert module, purple	55-962-08-04
Storage module, purple	55-962-18-04
Lid for distraction module	55-963-17-04
Lid for storage module	55-963-09-04
Insert empty, 2 sections (double height)	55-964-20-04

Alternative items	Item Number
Screw storage module, purple	55-962-28-04
Twin insert module, purple	55-962-38-04
Lid for screw storage module	55-963-08-04
Lid for 3D X system	55-963-20-04
Insert empty, universal (low height)	55-964-17-04
Insert for TRACK distractors (low height)	55-964-23-04
Insert empty, 2 sections (low height)	55-964-24-04
Insert empty, 3 sections (low height)	55-964-25-04
Insert for complete 3D X devices (double height)	55-964-33-04
Insert for 3D X single components (double height)	55-964-34-04

Please note that this brochure does not replace the instruction for use. The instructions will accompany the product and must be considered before use.

# Distraction Protocol

Please note: The following recommendations are based on the experiences of the members of the S.O.R.G.\* Distraction Section. The values listed are average values and might differ depending on each specific case and the treatment following distraction.

Indications for DOG	Latency Period	Distraction per day	Retention Period
Orthognathic Cases	3 - 7 days	0.5 - 1 mm/day	3 months
Mandibular/Maxillary Widening	3 - 7 days	0.2 - 1 mm/day	3 months
Alveolar Ridge Distraction	3 - 7 days	0.5 - 1 mm/day	3 months
LeFort III	1 - 5 days	0.5 - 1 mm/day	3 - 6 months
Monobloc	0 - 15 days	0.3 - 1 mm/day	3 - 12 months
Transversal	7 days	0.3 - 0.5 mm/day	3 months

# Comments

Intra-operative antibiotic treatment Complete osteotomy Stable and controlled vector Pay attention to parallel vectors in case of bilateral distraction

# **DOG-Contraindications**

Compromized Vascularity
Insufficient volume and quality of bone
Irradiated patient (> 40 Gy)
Heavy smoking
Non complient patient

S.O.R.G. — Strasbourg Osteosynthesis Research Group www.sorg-group.com

# Patient Chart

Right	Left	Rotations	Day		Further Doctor's Orders	Rotations/Activations per Day	End of Distraction	Start of Distraction	Observe Latency Period	Day of Surgery	Surgeon in charge	Patient Name
		_										
		N	1									
		ω										
		N	2									
		ω										
		_										
		2	ω									
		ω										
		-										
		2	4									
		ω										
		1 2										
		ω	5									
		_										
		2	6									
		ω										
		_										
		2	7									
		ω								_	_	
		-						7		Oist	Dist	_
		ω	00					Next Check (date)		Distractor Location 2	Distractor Location 1	Type of Distractor
								Che		or L	or L	of I
		2	9					Ċk (		oca	oca	Dist
		ω						dat		tion	tion	act
		_						e)		2	$\vdash$	윽
		0	10									
		ω										
		-										
		N	11									
		ω 1										
		N	12									
		ω	20									
		_										
		2	13									
		ω										
		-										
		N	14									
		ω										
		1 2	1									
		ω	15									

Please note

Always comply fully with your doctor's instructions.

Observe arrow direction when operating the distractor.

Be sure to follow a soft diet during the entire distraction period.

Careful oral hygiene is indicated during the entire treatment.

Smoking can impair distraction results. So never smoke during treatment.

Left X

Example

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